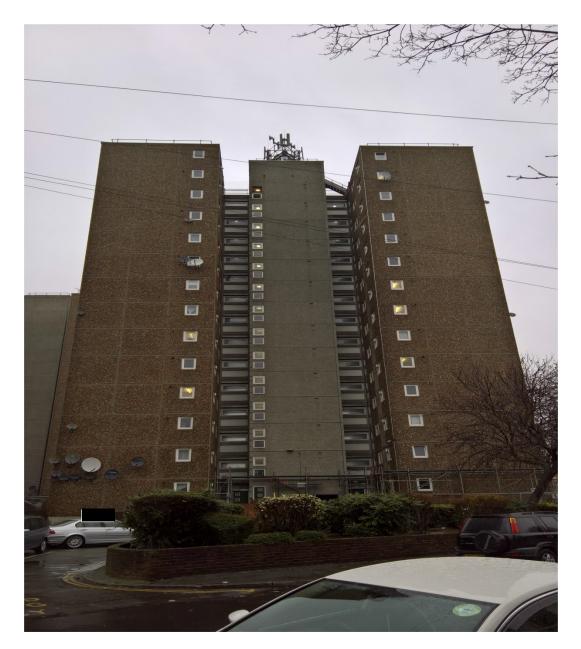
Southwark Council



# SKENFRITH HOUSE COMMERCIAL WAY LONDON SE15 1NE

## THE CONTENTS OF YOUR PACK

<u>Section</u>	<u>Page</u> <u>No.</u>	
1.	3.	Introduction Here we will explain the purpose of the Fire Safety Information Pack and why it is important that you read the contents.
2.	4.	Your Escape Routes We have provided specific information on how to make your way out of your home and block to a place of safety away from the building.
3.	7.	Your Block & Your Home – Skenfrith House We have provided information within this section of the Fire Safety measures that you can find within your block and within your home.
4.	16.	Advice on what to do and what not to do No information pack would be complete without a Do's and Don'ts section. We have given some examples of potentially harmful practices that are common in a lot of blocks.
5.	19.	<b>Contacts</b> This last section will give you information on who to call for advice or to report a fire safety issue.

### Section 1 - The Introduction

This Resident Fire Safety Information Pack contains some extremely valuable information relating to the fire safety measures found in both in your block and your home. We encourage you to take time to read all the content.

The purpose of this pack is to provide you with as much information as possible to help you become more aware of the various fire safety measures that exist throughout the block. We have also provided information on measures that you can adopt to ensure that you, your family and your neighbours are kept safe and secure and that you are aware of what you need to do in the event of a fire in the building.

We have included information on fire safety measures found in your home. This includes the fire alarm/detection systems, fire doors and escape routes. We explain some of the hazards found in the home and tips on how you can reduce the risk of a fire breaking out.

You will also find information here regarding the equipment and construction materials that exist to ensure that if a fire does break out-it is contained in the area where it started. If you need to evacuate the building we have provided detailed instructions of your escape route(s) in both graphic and text formats.

We know you take fire safety seriously and we have added examples of hazardous practices that could hamper residents needing to escape and emergency services trying to fight a fire and carrying out rescues. We all have a responsibility to ensure the building is safe.

If you require any further information regarding fire safety, we have included a number of contacts that you can call or email and they will help you with any query you may have.

Southwark Council have an in-house Fire Safety Team whose main function is to carry out Fire Risk Assessments (FRAs). This assessment process involves auditing buildings and recording any fire safety deficiencies in a document form. The form is detailed, so a list of issues does not mean you have an unsafe building. The FRAs cover the common areas only and not inside the dwelling. To check the level of protection between the dwellings, Southwark Council have a programme of surveys called Type 4 that will check to ensure you are safe if your neighbour is unfortunate enough to have a fire above, below or next door.

A Fire Risk Assessment is carried out as often as required depending on the level of risk. As an absolute minimum it is reviewed yearly. This is a 'live document' and where necessary will be updated to reflect any major issues that may crop up before a new assessment is due.

The Southwark Fire Safety Team also advise, assist and train Southwark staff, work closely with contractors on refurbishments/new builds and offer advice to our residents where we can.

The Southwark Fire Safety Team work closely with the London Fire Brigade to ensure that the standards we set are the same high standards the enforcing authority expect of a housing provider.

### Section 2 - Your Escape Routes

This block has been fitted with an automatic fire alarm system and therefore the evacuation strategy has been designated as simultaneous full evacuation.

IF THE FIRE ALARM CONTINUALLY SOUNDS THROUGHOUT THE BUILDING, EVERYONE IN THE FLAT MUST LEAVE IMMEDIATELY.

### **Basic advice**:

- Familiarise yourself with the escape route(s) from your flat before an emergency. For most flats this is using the staircase (**NEVER USE A LIFT**).
- Keep all emergency access routes clear; your life or those of your family and neighbours could be endangered if you do not.
- .IF YOU BECOME AFFECTED BY HEAT OR SMOKE, LEAVE YOUR FLAT.
- IF IN DOUBT GET OUT!!!

### **Your Escape Routes**

If, you need to evacuate the premises. Make your way to the stairwell as soon as possible, exit the building and remain a safe distance from the fire/building. Never attempt to use the lift if you are aware that there is a fire in the building.

Your home has been designed with one means of escape. You should leave by your front door in the event of a fire occurring, as pictured below:



The plan above is a typical flat layout; however, your flat layout may vary slightly. If so, ensure you identify the various exits using the photos and plan and exit via your front door or the alternative means of escape doors.

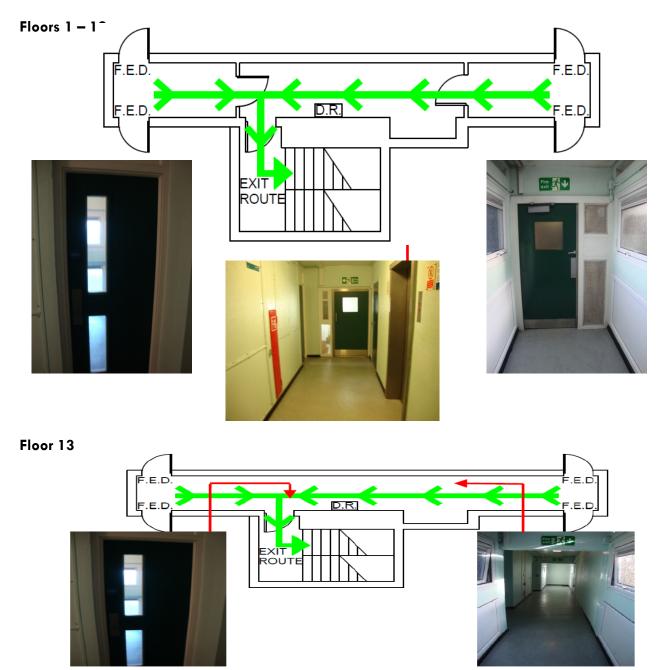
### ESCAPE ROUTES FROM FLAT ENTRANCE DOORS

Once you have evacuated your flat and ensured that the door is latched shut behind you, you will find yourself in the lobby with access through the fire doors to the stairwell enclosure. You should follow the stairwell to the ground floor level.

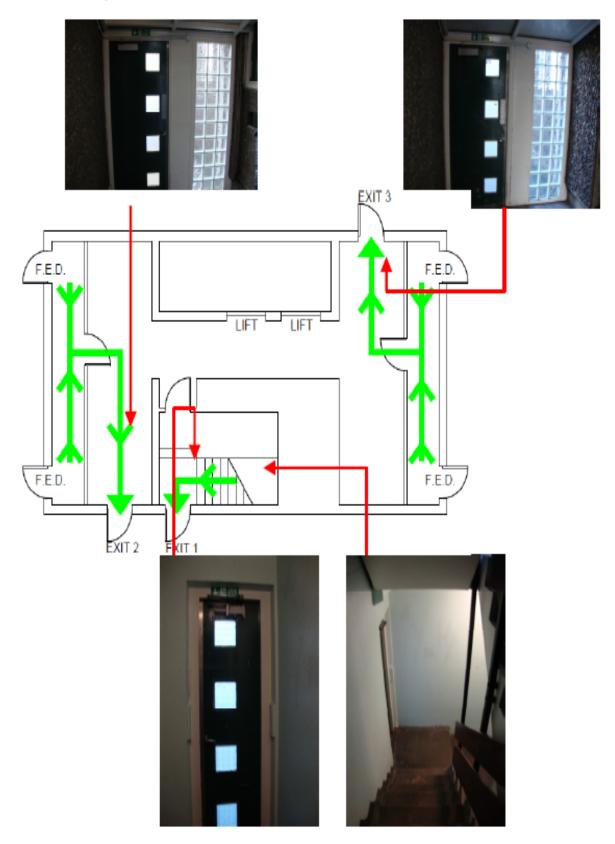
Once on the Ground floor, you should exit via 'Exit 1' located at the bottom of the stairwell and to a place of safety.

If your flat is located on the ground floor you should move through the lobby and exit via one of the 2 exits (Exit 1, Exit 2 or Exit 3) highlighted on the below plan.

# These escape routes are vitally important to your safety. They should be kept clear at all times and not obstructed.



## Ground Floor/Entrance Level



### Section 3 - Your Block and Your Home

### Your Home

Your home was designed as a fire compartment. This means that all four walls, the ceiling and floor were constructed to provide at least 60 minutes protection from fire and smoke. Unless a fire starts in your home it should remain unaffected by smoke or fire for at least 60 minutes during which time the emergency services will either deal with the fire or instruct you to leave your home. If a fire starts within your home it should be contained there for the same length of time. You however should evacuate immediately. Some of the fire safety measures in your home are detailed below.

Remember to test your alarm on a weekly basis.
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Flat Entrance Door	Your Flat Entrance Door (FED) is
	a fire door. It is self-closing and
	-
	has strips and seals that help
	prevent smoke and flames from
	entering the protected escape
	route if your flat is on fire. It will
	also help prevent smoke and
	flames from entering your flat
	from the protected escape route.
	It is therefore vitally important
	that if you have to leave your
	flat as a result of a fire, you
	ensure the door latches shut
	behind you. Do not remove or
	disable the self-closing devices
	that make this happen.
	In addition, DO NOT make
	alterations to your door such as
	fitting security grilles, extra

locks and cat flaps, as this will
compromise your safety.

Internal Doors	Some of the internal doors to rooms in your home may also have some fire resistance. These doors do not need intumescent strips, cold smoke seals or self closing devices. It is therefore most important that you close your doors at night giving you as much time as possible to escape from a fire in your home if your fire alarm actuates whilst you are asleep in your bed. In addition, DO NOT make alterations to your door such as fitting locks and cat flaps, as this will compromise your safety.
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### Your Block

Your block contains many safety measures introduced both when the block was built and in the years after to account for legislation changes or technical advancements. This section explains those measures and the role they play in protecting residents from the effects of fire and smoke.

Emergency Lighting These are lights that are provided in the protected escape routes. In the event of the ctricity failing they will stay lit d guide you along the escape re and out of the building. If the energency lighting. Some will the normally be lit but will have mall green or red light that indicates they are working. If the electricity fails they will illuminate. The other type remains lit and are on a protected circuit so even if the electricity is cut they will remain lit.

### Dry Risers A dry riser is used by the Fire Brigade to get water to the floors of high rise blocks. On the ground floor there is a Dry Riser Inlet that the Fire Brigade connect their hoses to and water is pumped up the vertical pipe to each floor. The firefighters connect up to the outlet to fight the fire on each floor. Dry riser inlets must have fire engine access within 18 metres of the dry riser inlet, so this area **must** be kept clear at all times.

Protected Escape Routes	The protected escape routes are designed to enable residents from every part of the building to reach the outside without passing through a higher fire risk area. These routes are protected by materials that will provide a minimum of 60 minutes protection from fire and smoke, and will enable residents and visitors to reach a place of safety should a fire occur in the block.	
	It is vitally important that the protected routes be <b>kept sterile</b> by ensuring the routes are clear of obstructions and combustible materials so that residents evacuating the building do not trip over bags of rubbish or discarded furniture. In addition, it would be extremely hazardous if any of these items caught fire in the protected escape route making it unusable.	

### **Fire Doors**

There is more to a fire door than meets the eye. A fire door is part of an assembly comprising of a doorframe, door leaves, other panels, hardware, seals and any glazing that when closed is intended to resist the passage of fire and smoke. In the closed position, they protect the escape route which enables residents to evacuate.

You will find fire doors on flat entrance doors, across corridors and stairs on the escape route and on electrical cupboards. They are there to protect your means of escape and should **NEVER** be wedged/propped open. No fire door should be locked or fastened in such a way that means a key is required to make an escape.



A exit

Fire Hydrants	Fire hydrants are found in the ground near your block. They are sometimes painted yellow but also are marked with 'FH' or 'FIRE HYDRANT'. Near to the hydrant on the wall there is a yellow 'H' plate. The plate indicates the size of the pipe and the distance the hydrant is away from the plate. In the example opposite it can be seen that the hydrant has a 500mm pipe and is 1 metre away from the H plate. They are used by the fire brigade to provide a supply of water from the mains to be fed into the dry riser inlet. They are located in public footways or highways. <b>Obstructing a hydrant is an</b> <b>offence</b> and can carry a fine if convicted. Please remember to park considerately and away from any adjacent hydrants. Hydrant defects relating to leakage or safety must be reported to the local water company (as they are the owners). Any other defects or queries can be reported to the London Fire Brigade's water section.	<image/>
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Firefighter's Lift	If a fire breaks out in your block	
Control	and the Fire Brigade are called,	
	it is possible that the electricity to	
	the block might be switched off	N
	when they arrive. This means that	
	the lift will not be operational. It	0
	is imperative that residents do	1
	not use the lift when they are	*
	aware of a fire as they may	FI
	become trapped in the lift. The	CON
	Fire Brigade however can control	
	the lift for their own fire fighting	
	purposes by using the control	
	switch (similar to the diagram	
	alongside this text) to the lift	
	doors. <b>REMEMBER – NEVER USE</b>	
	THE LIFT IF YOU ARE AWARE	
	OF A FIRE.	



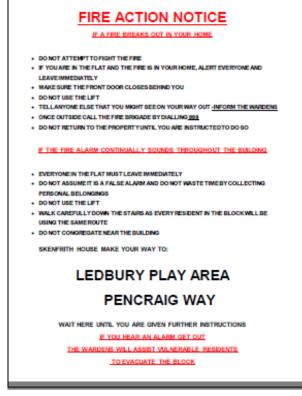
Fire Exit Signs & Fire Action Notices	Fire exit signs are designed to identify the means of escape in the event of a fire. These have been strategically positioned throughout the common areas of your block to identify the direction of travel in the event of a fire. Fire Action Notices are designed to inform the occupants of the block what to do in the event of a fire. These have been strategically positioned throughout the common areas of the block. Where there is only one possible route out, signs may not be so prominent.	<image/> <section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><list-item><section-header><section-header></section-header></section-header></list-item></list-item></list-item></list-item></list-item></list-item></list-item></list-item></list-item></list-item></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header>
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### **FIRE ACTION NOTICES**



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## If you discover a FIRE anywhere in the building:

Discovery of a fire can be by:

- sight seeing fire or smoke
- hearing sound of burning, sound of alarm, people shouting FIRE
- smelling burning other than that normally associated with something like cooking or cigarette smoke

Anywhere in the building can be:

- your own home or other homes in your block
- communal area cupboards and rooms
- staircase, corridors, etc
- basement or roof
- refuse system waste chutes and bin chambers
- areas around (or close to) the external areas of the building

### 1. Raise the alarm by sounding the fire alarm and shouting "FIRE, FIRE"

• Attempt to alert others by sounding the fire alarm and shouting but don't expose yourself to danger by trying to make physical contact with neighbours.

# 2. If you are not in your own home or someone else's home in the building, evacuate the building immediately.

- Attempt to leave the building by the most direct route that does not expose you to smoke or flames. **REMEMBER KNOW YOUR ESCAPE ROUTES** (See pages 5 and 6).
- Exit the building and move to a safe distance away. If your route out of the building is blocked by smoke or fire, move away from the fire and seek refuge in a protected area as far away from the fire as possible. A protected area is a place that is free of fire and has at least one substantial wall and door between yourself and the fire. Avoid placing yourself in a confined space.

### 3. Telephone the Fire Brigade on 999

- Phone the Fire Brigade (999), keep calm and follow the operator's instructions. Further advice on calling the Fire Brigade is available at <u>www.fireservice.co.uk/safety/dialling999</u>
- Remember! 999 emergency calls to the Fire Brigade are free of charge and can be made on a mobile phone that does not have any credit.

## **RESIDENTS - If the fire is inside your home:**

If you are at home and discover a fire in your home

- 1. Evacuate the building closing your front door behind you
  - DO NOT ATTEMPT TO FIGHT THE FIRE
  - IF YOU ARE IN THE FLAT AND THE FIRE IS IN YOUR HOME, ALERT EVERYONE AND LEAVE IMMEDIATELY
  - MAKE SURE THE FRONT DOOR CLOSES BEHIND YOU
  - DO NOT USE THE LIFT
  - TELL ANYONE ELSE THAT YOU MIGHT SEE ON YOUR WAY OUT-<u>INFORM THE</u> WARDENS
  - ONCE OUTSIDE CALL THE FIRE BRIGADE BY DIALLING <u>999</u>
  - DO NOT RETURN TO THE PROPERTY UNTIL YOU ARE INSTRUCTED TO DO SO
  - REMEMBER KNOW YOUR ESCAPE ROUTES
- 2. Remain a safe distance from the building and await the Fire Brigade
  - DO NOT CONGREGATE NEAR THE BUILDING MAKE YOUR WAY TO: LEDBURY PLAY AREA, PENCRAIG WAY.
  - WAIT THERE UNTIL YOU ARE GIVEN FURTHER INSTRUCTIONS

### **RESIDENTS - If the fire is NOT in your home:**

### IF THE FIRE ALARM CONTINUALLY SOUNDS THROUGHOUT THE BUILDING

### • EVERYONE IN THE FLAT MUST LEAVE IMMEDIATELY

• WALK CAREFULLY DOWN THE STAIRS AS EVERY RESIDENT IN THE BLOCK WILL BE USING THE SAME ROUTE

### DO NOT use the lifts

The lifts are not fire proof and may leave you trapped in the lift if the fire causes a power failure.

### DO NOT stop to collect personal belongings

Collecting personal belongings will delay your evacuation and carrying belongings may hinder your own and other evacuees escape.

### DO NOT re-enter the building until authorised to do so

During a fire fighting and rescue operation the Fire Brigade will take charge of the building. They will inform all evacuees if and when it is safe to re-enter the building. If you re-enter the building before you are authorised by the Fire Brigade, you may put yourself in danger and obstruct fire and rescue operations.

### Section 4 – Advice on what to do and what to avoid

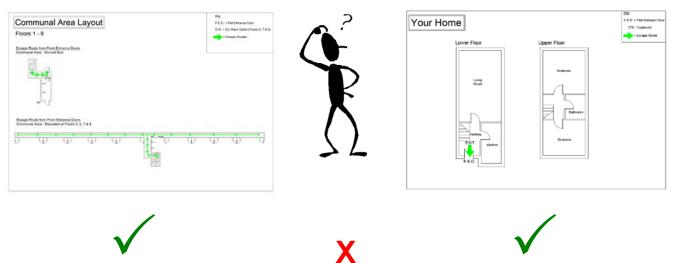
### **General Advice for Fire Prevention:**

- Ensure a smoke alarm is fitted within the room/lobby (and landing where appropriate) opening onto the escape route.
- Avoid gas bottle, paraffin or electric bar fires wherever possible. Instead use plug-in radiators with safety electric plugs.
- Keep the communal areas sterile and keep the escape route in your home as clear as possible. Keep your doors closed at night.
- Do not use rooms for storage or as workshops.
- Do not smoke in the communal areas or escape routes.
- Do not overload electrical sockets, do not cover heating appliances or leave lit candles, incense or heaters close to curtains, furniture on a plastic bath or on the television unattended.
- Ensure electrical equipment is regularly inspected & serviced.
- Do not store and use white goods such as fridges, freezers or tumble dryers in your lobby or hall at home.

The following are some valuable Do's and Don'ts relating to Fire Safety measures in your block and within your home.

### **ESCAPE ROUTES:**

• **DO** familiarise yourself with the escape routes from your home and the communal areas (including any alternative escape routes). Routes shown below are examples only.



• DO NOT block the escape routes. These must be kept clear at all times







• DO NOT wedge/prop open any fire doors



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## IN THE EVENT OF A FIRE...



**DO** raise the alarm by shouting 'FIRE' and leave the building.



**DO** close the fire doors including your flat if you evacuate.



**DO NOT** use the lifts if you are aware of a fire.



**DO** use the stairs to leave the building.



**DO** call 999 but only when you are safely out of the building.



**DO NOT** smoke in the common areas of the building.

Some of this information has been produced by the London Fire Brigade. For further information on Fire Safety, please refer to their website at www.london-fire.gov.uk/FireSafety.asp

### Section 5 - Contacts

If you have any queries or concerns relating to Fire Safety help is available from a number of sources. Equally, if you see something within your block that you feel compromises your safety please let us know.

### London Borough of Southwark

Fire Alarm Repairs	Tel: 0800 952 4444	
Fire Safety Team	Tel: 020 7525 3499	Email: <u>FRA@southwark.gov.uk</u> .

If you would like to request and review the Fire Risk Assessment for your block, please refer to the following website: <u>http://www.southwark.gov.uk/housing/safety-in-the-home/fire-safety?chapter=2</u>

If you have any difficulty in accessing a Fire Risk Assessment then Email the Fire safety Team at: <u>FRA@southwark.gov.uk.</u>

Extra copies of the FSIP can be downloaded from the website at <a href="http://www.southwark.gov.uk/housing/safety-in-the-home/fire-safety-information-packs">http://www.southwark.gov.uk/housing/safety-in-the-home/fire-safety-information-packs</a>

#### London Fire Brigade

General enquiries	Tel: 020 8555 1200	Email: <u>info@london-fire.gov.uk</u>
Water Team	Tel: 020 8555 1200 Extension 31553 or 31105	Email: <u>water@london-fire.gov.uk</u>

For further information on the London Fire Brigade and general fire safety, please refer to the London Fire Brigade's website at <a href="http://www.london-fire.gov.uk/FireSafety.asp">http://www.london-fire.gov.uk/FireSafety.asp</a>

To book a Home Fire Safety Visit follow the following link <u>https://hfsvwr.london-fire.gov.uk/HFSVRequestGaz.aspx</u> or call 08000 28 44 28 to arrange a visit.

### The following links will give you further information on fire safety within the home.

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/475164/Fire-Safety-in-the-Home.pdf

http://www.london-fire.gov.uk/SafetyAtHome.asp

For information relating directly to fire safety in blocks of flats please visit <u>www.london-fire.gov.uk/staying-in-or-going-out.asp</u>